

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

Board of Public Utilities 44 South Clinton Avenue, 9th Floor Post Office Box 350 Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0350

www.nj.gov/bpu/

<u> </u>			
AND ENERGY			
DDELIEV DIVIC ODE	DED 6	CTTIN	10

DIVISIONS OF CLEAN ENERGY

IN THE MATTER OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF P.L. 2018, C. 17 REGARDING THE)	PREHEARING ORDER SETTING PROCEDURAL SCHEDULE AND
ESTABLISHMENT OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND)	RULING ON MOTIONS TO
	,	
PEAK DEMAND REDUCTION PROGRAMS)	PARTICIPATE AND INTERVENE
)	AND FOR ADMISSION PRO HAC
IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION OF)	VICE
ELIZABETHTOWN GAS COMPANY FOR)	
APPROVAL OF NEW ENERGY EFFICIENCY)	
PROGRAMS AND ASSOCIATED COST RECOVERY)	
PURSUANT TO THE CLEAN ENERGY ACT AND)	
THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A CONSERVATION)	DOCKET NOS. QO19010040 AND
INCENTIVE PROGRAM)	GO20090619

Parties of Record:

Stefanie A. Brand, Esq., Director, New Jersey Division of Rate Counsel Deborah M. Franco, Esq., Elizabethtown Gas Company Steven S. Goldenberg, Esq., for the New Jersey Large Energy Users Coalition **Erin Cosgrove**, **Esq.**, for the Energy Efficiency Alliance of New Jersey

BY COMMISSIONER UPENDRA J. CHIVUKULA:

Background and Procedural History

On January 13, 2008, L. 2007, c. 340 ("RGGI Act") was signed into law based on the New Jersey Legislature's findings that energy efficiency ("EE") and conservation measures must be essential elements of the state's energy future and that greater reliance on EE and conservation will provide significant benefits to the citizens of New Jersey. The Legislature also found that public utility involvement and competition in the conservation and EE industries are essential to maximize efficiencies.

Pursuant to Section 13 of the RGGI Act, codified as N.J.S.A. 48:3-98.1(a)(1), an electric or gas public utility ("Utility" or collectively "Utilities") may provide and invest in EE and conservation programs in its service territory on a regulated basis. Upon petition, such investment in EE and conservation programs may be eligible for rate treatment approval by the Board, including a return on equity, or other incentives or rate mechanisms that decouple Utility revenue from sales of electricity and gas. Ratemaking treatment may include placing appropriate technology and program costs investments in the Utility's rate base or recovering the Utility's technology and program costs through another ratemaking methodology approved by the Board.

By Order dated June 10, 2020, the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities ("Board") approved an EE transition framework for EE programs implemented pursuant to the Clean Energy Act, <u>L.</u> 2018, <u>c.</u> 17, including requirements for the Utilities to establish programs that reduce the use of electricity and natural gas within their territories.¹ In the June 2020 Order, the Board directed New Jersey's electric and gas companies to file three-year program petitions by September 25, 2020 for approval by the Board by May 1, 2021 and implementation beginning July 1, 2021.

ETG SEPTEMBER 2020 FILING

On September 25, 2020, Elizabethtown Gas Company ("ETG" or "Company") filed the requisite petition with the Board ("September 2020 Petition" or "Petition"). In the Petition, the Company proposed to invest approximately \$100 million (investment and expenses) in its EE Program ("Program") over a three (3) year period (July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2024). The proposed programs and associated costs are summarized in the table below:

Program [includes operations & maintenance	Proposed Budget (for 3
("O&M")]	Year Program)
	(millions)
Behavioral (Home Energy Reports)	\$3.2
Efficient Products	\$27.3
Existing Homes with HPwES	\$7.8
Existing Homes QHEC	\$2.6
Existing Homes Moderate Income Weatherization	\$9.3
Energy Saving Trees	\$0.4
Multi-Family	\$6.1
Energy Solutions for Business: Prescriptive/Custom	\$5.5
Energy Solutions for Business: Engineered Solutions	\$10.4
Energy Solutions for Business: Direct Install	\$6.6
Engineered Solutions for Business: Energy Management	\$0.5
Pilots (Residential Demand Response, C&I Demand Response, Innovating and Synergistic Solutions)	\$6.6
Portfolio Costs	\$4.2
Net Payments to/from Partner Utilities	\$9.4
TOTAL	\$99.9

In addition to approval of the plan to implement the Program, the Company requested approval of a cost recovery mechanism. Specifically, ETG requested authority to recover the revenue requirement associated with the costs to implement the Program, including incentives, outside

_

¹ In re the Implementation of P.L. 2018, c. 17 Regarding the Establishment of Energy Efficiency and Peak <u>Demand Reduction Programs</u>, BPU Docket Nos. QO19010040, QO19060748, and QO17091004, Order dated June 10, 2020 ("June 2020 Order").

services, inspections and quality control, information technology costs, and operations and maintenance ("O&M") costs. The Company proposed to recover program costs through a separate surcharge clause of its tariff ("EEP rate"). The revenue requirement recovered through the EEP rate would be designed to recover the annual costs of the Program, as well as true-up for any prior period over/under recovery. The Company proposed to recover lost revenues from reduced natural gas sales associated with the Program by way of a Conservation Incentive Program mechanism.

ETG estimated that the initial annual bill impact for a typical residential heating customer using 100 therms during a winter month would be an increase of \$0.82 or 0.8%, for the first year of the Program.

By an Order dated September 23, 2020, the Board determined that ETG's Petition should be retained by the Board for hearing and, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 48:2-32, designated myself as the presiding officer authorized to rule on all motions that arise during the pendency of these proceedings and modify any schedules that may be set as necessary to secure a just and expeditious determination of the issues.² Further, the September 23, 2020 Order directed that any entities seeking to intervene or participate in this matter file the appropriate application with the Board by October 2, 2020 and that entities file with the Board any responses to those motions by October 9, 2020.

On October 5, 2020, the Company made a supplemental filing. Subsequently on October 16, 2020, Board Staff ("Staff") issued a letter of administrative deficiency. In response to Staff's administrative deficiency letter, the Company made a supplemental filing on October 20, 2020. On October 22, 2020, Staff issued a letter indicating that the supplemental filing satisfied the Minimum Filing Requirements. The 180-day period for Board review therefore began on October 20, 2020.

THE MOTIONS

Motions to Intervene

On October 2, 2020, New Jersey Natural Gas Company ("NJNG"), Public Service Electric and Gas Company ("PSE&G"), the Energy Efficiency Alliance of New Jersey ("EEANJ"), and the New Jersey Large Energy Users Coalition ("NJLEUC") filed motions to intervene in this matter.

NJNG

NJNG stated that the Board accepted the recommendation of Staff to have the Utilities collaborate with Staff to develop program design and requirements that are complementary to, and not competitive or overlapping with, the designs and requirements of State-administered or comanaged programs and to have the Utilities collaborate to consistently implement the Utility core programs. Additionally, in areas where gas and electric services territories overlap, in addition to establishing programs that include agreed-upon program design requirements, the Utilities are required to design a program structure that results in coordinated, consistent delivery of programs among all of the Utilities and allocates costs and energy savings appropriately based on the fuel type(s) treated by EE measures, ensuring that customers do not face confusion as a result of

² In re the Implementation of P.L. 2018, c. 17 Regarding the Establishment of Energy Efficiency and Peak Demand Reduction Programs, BPU Docket No. QO19010040, Order dated September 23, 2020 ("September 23, 2020 Order").

overlapping territories and can access both electric and gas measures simultaneously, where appropriate. NJNG asserted that ETG's proposed EE Program would directly affect NJNG, as the two Utilities will need to collaborate efforts to process several of their respective EE programs. Accordingly, NJNG maintained that it should be granted full intervener status so as to avoid customer confusion with program offerings. NJNG also argued that the Board's decision in this proceeding is likely to have precedential effect and impact not only on ETG and its customers, but also New Jersey's other gas and electric Utilities. NJNG asserted that a variety of issues that will be addressed in this case may have an impact on NJNG by establishing precedent and that NJNG will likely be directly and specifically affected by the relief provided in the matter. In the alternative, NJNG requested that its motion be treated as a motion to participate.

PSE&G

In its motion, PSE&G stated that, as the state's largest electric and gas distribution company and the only combined electric and gas distribution Utility, it has a significant interest in the outcome of the case. PSE&G argued that it is imperative, as noted in the June 2020 Order directing the Utilities to establish EE and peak demand reduction programs, that in areas where gas and electric services territories overlap, the Utilities design a program structure that results in coordinated, consistent delivery of programs among all of the Utilities and allocates costs and energy savings appropriately based on the fuel type(s) treated by EE measures. Additionally, coordination among the Utilities is necessary to avoid redundant or competing offerings and to ensure that customers do not face confusion as a result of overlapping territories and can access both electric and gas measures simultaneously. Since the PSE&G's electric territory overlaps with ETG's gas territory, PSE&G asserted that any decision by the Board with respect to ETG's filing could have precedential effect and other impacts on PSE&G that could directly impact the Company's energy efficiency programs. More specifically, PSE&G maintained that any Board decision in the ETG matter could directly impact the cost sharing and investment split associated with EE sub-program structure in overlapping territories. PSE&G asserted that it is in a unique position as the only energy Utility whose service territories overlap with the service territories of the other major Utilities and as the Utility with the most extensive experience administering EE programs in the state, most recently completing its Clean Energy Future - Energy Efficiency proceeding. Accordingly, PSE&G argued that its intervention in this proceeding is likely to add constructively to the proceeding.

EEANJ

EEANJ is a 501(c)(6) trade association that, together with its sister organization, the Keystone Energy Efficiency Alliance, represents 75 business members. These members manufacture, design, and implement energy efficiency improvements in buildings across Pennsylvania and New Jersey on behalf of regulated utilities, the State, and ratepayers. EEANJ asserted that the proposed programs would directly affect the utilization of their services and products. EEANJ also represented that its interests in the proceeding are unique and not adequately represented by any other party; that its members can offer valuable perspectives on the design and implementation of the proposed programs; and that its intervention will not cause confusion or undue delay since it will coordinate its representation with similarly situated parties to the extent that it deems such coordination appropriate.

NJLEUC

NJLEUC, an association whose members include large volume natural gas customers serviced by ETG, was formed, in part, to monitor regulatory proceedings involving the state's electric and

natural gas Utilities, including ETG. NLEUC argued that its members are large volume purchasers of natural gas distribution service from ETG and, therefore, have a significant interest in the outcome of this proceeding.

NJLEUC asserted that its interests with regard to the filing are unique and substantially different from those of any other party seeking intervention and, as large end-use customers of ETG, its members will be directly affected by the proposed Program. NJLEUC further asserted that it has a unique perspective and insight regarding the potential impacts on ETG's large customers. NJLEUC also argued that fundamental fairness and due process considerations require that NJLEUC be afforded an opportunity to intervene in this proceeding, the outcome of which will have an impact on the gas service received from ETG by the members of NJLEUC. NJLEUC stated that the issues to be decided in this proceeding substantially, specifically, and directly affect NJLEUC, making intervention appropriate.

NJLEUC pointed out that it has been granted intervener status in prior ETG regulatory proceedings, including base rate cases and mergers. NJLEUC claimed that its entry as a party would measurably and constructively advance this proceeding because of the unique status of its members as large end-use customers. NJLEUC further stated that it will endeavor to work cooperatively with other parties in this proceeding in the interests of administrative efficiency and economy.

By motion dated October 2, 2020, NJLEUC, via Steven S. Goldenberg, Esq., also moved for the admission *pro hac vice* of Paul F. Forshay, Esq. The motion included a sworn affidavit by Mr. Forshay. Mr. Goldenberg states that Mr. Forshay is a member in good standing admitted to the bar of the District of Columbia and has had significant experience representing the interests of large end-use customers and that he has an attorney-client relationship with NJLEUC. By his affidavit, Mr. Forshay represented that he is associated with Mr. Goldenberg as New Jersey counsel of record, NJLEUC has requested his representation in this matter, and he has experience representing large end-use customers before Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and the Board. He stated that his experience includes involvement in the various ETG rate and regulatory proceedings brought before the Board. Mr. Forshay represented that he has paid the fees required by R. 1:20-1(b) and 1:28-2 and that he agrees to abide by the other requirements for admission *pro hac vice*. Mr. Forshay also forwarded proof of payment of the fees required by R. 1:20-1(b) and 1:28-2 to Staff.

Motions to Participate

ACE, JCP&L, RECO

Atlantic City Electric Company ("ACE"), Jersey Central Power & Light Company ("JCP&L"), and Rockland Electric Company ("RECO") each submitted motions to participate. Each stated that it is a New Jersey public utility incorporated in the State of New Jersey engaged in the transmission, distribution, and sale of electricity or gas for residential, commercial, and industrial purposes within New Jersey. Each claimed a significant interest in the outcome of the proceeding because the substantive policy and or procedural requirements established in this proceeding are likely to have a precedential effect on proceedings involving the other Utilities. Each also argued that its interest as an investor-owned electric or gas utility serving retail customers is materially different from that of ETG and from that of the other parties. Finally, each also stated that its participation would not cause delay or confusion because it would abide by any schedule set for the proceeding.

Although ACE, JCP&L and RECO sought participant status, each indicated that it is aware that certain Utilities may seek intervener status in their individual cases pending before the Board. Each pointed out that any Board order approving intervention for a Utility in their case would have to find that, based on the common/overlapping concerns in the June 2020 Order, the Utility satisfies the standard of being "substantially, specifically, and directly affected by the outcome" of the case pursuant to N.J.A.C. 1:1-16.1(a). ACE, JCP&L and RECO each stated that, if the Board determines that another Utility has a sufficient interest to be an intervener in their individual cases, then they would have the identical sufficient interest to be an intervener in that Utility's case. Accordingly, ACE, JCP&L, and RECO indicated that their motions for participant status are provisional and should be treated as motions to intervene should ETG be granted intervener status in their cases.

BPA

The Building Performance Association ("BPA") is a 501(c)6 industry association committed to supporting policies that will improve and increase the expansion of home and building performance, EE businesses, and industries. BPA is made up of more than 9,800 members who are working professionals in contracting services, weatherization, product manufacturing and distribution, program administration, building science, and nonprofits. BPA asserted that it and its New Jersey members have a significant interest in the outcome of the case and will add constructively to the case. Additionally, BPA stated that its participation will not cause undue delay or confusion. By letter dated October 16, 2020, BPA withdrew its motion to participate.

RESPONSES

On October 6, 2020, ETG submitted a letter responding to the filed motions to intervene and participate. In its letter, ETG indicated that it had no opposition to the motions to participate filed by ACE, JCP&L, and RECO. Additionally, ETG did not oppose the intervention of EEANJ and NJLEUC. With respect to the motions to intervene filed by NJNG and PSE&G, ETG stated that, while the Company agrees that the EE programs to be implemented by each Utility will require considerable coordination and involve important cost sharing and investment allocation issues, this could be adequately addressed with participant status and ongoing dialogue among the Utilities. Accordingly, ETG requested that NJNG and PSE&G be granted participant status. However, ETG stated that, should NJNG be granted intervener status, ETG should be granted intervener status in NJNG's pending filing. By way of a supplemental letter, ETG indicated that it did not oppose the participation of BPA.

DISCUSSION AND FINDINGS

Motions to Intervene or Participate

In ruling on a motion to intervene, N.J.A.C. 1:1-16.3(a) requires that the decision-maker consider the following factors:

- 1. The nature and extent of the moving party's interest in the outcome of the case;
- 2. Whether that interest is sufficiently different from that of any other party so as to add measurably and constructively to the scope of the case;
- 3. The prospect for confusion and delay arising from inclusion of the party; and
- 4. Other appropriate matters.

If the standard for intervention is not met, N.J.A.C. 1:1-16.5 provides for a more limited form of involvement in the proceeding as a "participant," if, in the discretion of the trier of fact, the addition of the moving party is likely to add constructively to the case without causing undue delay or confusion. Under N.J.A.C. 1:1-16.6(c), such participation is limited to the right to argue orally, or file a statement or brief, or file exceptions, or all of these as determined by the trier of fact.

As the Board has stated in previous proceedings, application of these standards involves an implicit balancing test. The need and desire for development of a full and complete record that involves consideration of a diversity of interests must be weighed against the requirements of the New Jersey Administrative Code, which recognizes the need for prompt and expeditious administrative proceedings by requiring that an intervener's interest be specific, direct and different from that of the other parties so as to add measurably and constructively to the scope of the case. See In re the Joint Petition of Public Service Electric and Gas Company and Exelon Corporation for Approval of a Change in Control, BPU Docket No. EM05020106 (June 8, 2005).

After consideration of the papers, and given the lack of any objections, I <u>HEREBY FIND</u>, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 1:1-16.3, that EEANJ and NJLEUC will be directly affected by the outcome of this proceeding and will add measurably and constructively to the case without causing undue delay or confusion. I <u>HEREBY FIND</u> that EEANJ and NJLEUC have met the standards for intervention in this proceeding. Accordingly, having received no objections, I <u>HEREBY GRANT</u> the motions for intervention of EEANJ and NJLEUC pursuant to the authority granted to me by the Board under the September 23, 2020 Order.

NJNG and PSE&G, both Utilities serving customers in New Jersey, noted that the Board's decision is likely to have precedential effect and impact on their Utilities. I acknowledge that NJNG's and PSE&G's experience running their own EE programs in New Jersey put them in a position to add to the development of the record in this matter. I am not persuaded, however, that their interests are sufficiently distinct from that of the other parties that they merit intervener status or that NJNG or PSE&G will be affected by the alleged precedential effect of this case. All of the proposed EE programs will be examined based on their specific components, just as programs proposed by NJNG and PSE&G will be reviewed and analyzed upon their own merits. After weighing the issues, I FIND that NJNG and PSE&G have not made showings that their interests in this matter warrant granting their motions to intervene, given the need for prompt and expeditious administrative proceedings. Accordingly, I HEREBY DENY the motions for intervention filed by NJNG and PSE&G. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 1:1-16.5, I will treat these motions. in the alternative, as motions to participate. Considered under this standard, I FIND that NJNG and PSE&G have significant interests in this proceeding and that, as participants, NJNG and PSE&G are likely to add constructively to the case without causing undue delay or confusion. Accordingly, I HEREBY GRANT NJNG and PSE&G participant status, limited to the right to argue orally and file a statement or brief as set out in N.J.A.C. 1:1-16.6(c)(1) and (2).

With regard to the motions to participate filed by ACE, JCP&L, and RECO, I <u>HEREBY FIND</u>, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 1:1-16.6(b), that the participation of ACE, JCP&L, and RECO in this matter is likely to add constructively to the case without causing undue delay or confusion. Accordingly, I <u>HEREBY GRANT</u> the motions to participate filed on behalf of ACE, JCP&L, and RECO, limited to the right to argue orally and file a statement or brief as set out in N.J.A.C. 1:1-16.6(c)(1) and (2).

Motions for Admission Pro Hac Vice

I reviewed the motions of NJLEUC and the supporting affidavits of Mr. Forshay. I agree that this proceeding involves a complex field of law. I am persuaded that the named attorney has an established attorney-client relationship and has been requested to represent his clients in this proceeding. Additionally, Mr. Forshay specializes in this area of law. Having received no objections to the motion after due notice to the parties, I <u>FIND</u> that Mr. Forshay satisfies the conditions for admission *pro hac vice*, submitted to the Board proof of payment to the New Jersey Lawyers' Fund for Client Protection of the fees required by R. 1:20-1(b) and 1:28-2, and, therefore, IS HEREBY ADMITTED to practice before the Board *pro hac vice* in this matter, provided that he shall:

- 1. Abide by the Board's rules and all applicable New Jersey court rules, including all disciplinary rules;
- Consent to the appointment of the Clerk of the Supreme Court as agent upon whom service of process may be made for all actions against each of them that may arise out of his participation in this matter;
- 3. Notify the Board immediately of any matter affecting his/her standing at the bar of any other jurisdiction; and
- 4. Have all pleadings, briefs and other papers filed with the Board signed by an attorney of record authorized to practice in this State, who shall be held responsible for them and for the conduct of this cause and the admitted attorney therein.

In addition, I reviewed the proposal for a preliminary schedule, which has been agreed to by Staff, the New Jersey Division of Rate Counsel ("Rate Counsel"), and the Company. I <u>HEREBY ISSUE</u> the following as the Prehearing Order, along with the procedural schedule identified as Exhibit A, and <u>HEREBY DIRECT</u> the parties to comply with its terms.

PREHEARING ORDER

1. NATURE OF PROCEEDINGS AND ISSUES TO BE RESOLVED:

Through this proceeding, ETG seeks approval to invest approximately \$100 million (investment and expenses) in its Program over a three (3) year period (July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2024). In addition to approval of the plan to implement the Program, the Company requested approval of a cost recovery mechanism. Specifically, ETG requested authority to recover the revenue requirement associated with the costs to implement the Program, including incentives, outside services, inspections and quality control, information technology costs, and O&M costs. The Company proposed to recover program costs through a separate surcharge clause of its tariff EEP rate. The revenue requirement recovered through the EEP rate would be designed to recover the annual costs of the Program as well as a true-up for any prior period over/under recovery. The Company proposed to recover lost revenues from reduced natural gas sales associated with the Program by way of a Conservation Incentive Program mechanism.

Issues to be Resolved

- A. The cost effectiveness and cost efficiency of the proposed activities and programs.
- B. The lawfulness of the proposed program offerings.
- C. The reasonableness and lawfulness of the proposed cost recovery mechanism.

2. PARTIES AND THEIR DESIGNATED ATTORNEYS OR REPRESENTATIVES:

Counsel for Elizabethtown Gas Company

Deborah M. Franco, Esq.
VP, Clean Energy & Sustainability Energy Efficiency & Conservation
1 South Jersey Plaza
Folsom, New Jersey 08037
dfranco@sjindustries.com

Counsel for the Staff of the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities

Department of Law & Public Safety Division of Law, Public Utilities Section R.J. Hughes Justice Complex, 7th Floor West 25 Market Street, P.O. Box 112 Trenton, NJ 08625

Pamela Owen, Assistant Section Chief, DAG pamela.owen@law.njoag.gov

Terel Klein, DAG terel.klein@law.njoag.gov

Counsel for Rate Counsel

Stefanie Brand, Esq., Director Division of Rate Counsel 140 East Front Street, 4th Floor P.O. Box 003 Trenton, NJ 08625 sbrand@rpa.nj.gov

Counsel for EEANJ

Erin Cosgrove, Esq. 701 E. Gate Dr. Mt. Laurel, NJ 08054 ecosgrove@eeaofnj.org

Counsel for NJLEUC

Steven S. Goldenberg, Esq. Giordano, Halleran & Ciesla, P.C. 125 Half Mile Rd, Suite 300 Red Bank, NJ 07701-6777 sgoldenberg@ghclaw.com

Paul F. Forshay, Esq.
Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP
700 Sixth Street, N.W., Suite 700
Washington, D.C. 20001-3980
paulforshay@eversheds-sutherland.us

3. SPECIAL LEGAL REQUIREMENTS AS TO NOTICE OF HEARING:

Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 48:2-32.6, public hearings will be held in the Company's service territory after publication of notice in newspapers of general circulation in ETG's service territory. The dates, times, and locations of the public hearings are to be determined.

4. SCHEDULE OF HEARING DATES, TIME AND PLACE:

Evidentiary hearings are tentatively scheduled for February 18, 19, and 22, 2021 at a time and location to be determined based upon the availability of the parties and myself.

5. **STIPULATIONS:**

Staff, Rate Counsel, and ETG have entered into an Agreement of Non-Disclosure of Information Agreed to Be Confidential.

6. **SETTLEMENT:**

Parties are encouraged to engage in settlement discussion. Notice should be provided to all parties of any settlement discussions for the preparation of an agreement to resolve the issues in the case.

7. **AMENDMENTS TO PLEADINGS**:

None at this time.

8. **DISCOVERY AND DATE FOR COMPLETION:**

The time limits for discovery shall be as agreed to by the parties or in accordance with N.J.A.C. 1:1-10.4.

9. ORDER OF PROOFS:

ETG has the burden of proof. The hearings will be conducted by topic in the following order:

First – ETG

Second - Rate Counsel

Third - EEANJ

Fourth - NJLEUC

Fifth - Staff

10. **EXHIBITS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION:**

None at this time.

11. **EXHIBITS MARKED IN EVIDENCE:**

None at this time.

12. **ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FACT AND EXPERT WITNESSES:**

ETG will present the following witnesses: Frank J. Vetri, Thomas Kaufmann, Leonard J. Willey, and Isaac Gabel-Frank

Rate Counsel and Interveners' witnesses will be determined at a later time.

Any party substituting witnesses shall identify such witnesses within five (5) days of determining to replace a witness, and in no event later than five (5) days before filing of testimony of a substitute witness. All direct testimony will be pre-filed, and all witnesses submitting pre-filed direct testimony will be subject to cross-examination at evidentiary hearings, which will be conducted by topic (e.g., program elements, revenue requirements, and so forth).

13. **MOTIONS:**

All pending motions to intervene and/or participate have been addressed.

14. **SPECIAL MATTERS**:

None at this time.

The parties are directed to work cooperatively with each other to the fullest extent possible in the interests of reaching a just determination in this proceeding.

I HEREBY DIRECT that this Order be posted on the Board's website.

This provisional ruling is subject to ratification or other alteration by the Board as it deems appropriate during the proceedings in this matter.

DATED: November 2, 2020

BY:

UPENDRA J. CHIVUKULA

COMMISSIONER

IN THE MATTER OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF <u>P.L.</u> 2018, <u>c.</u> 17 REGARDING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND PEAK DEMAND REDUCTION PROGRAMS

IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION OF ELIZABETHTOWN GAS COMPANY FOR APPROVAL OF NEW ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAMS AND ASSOCIATED COST RECOVERY PURSUANT TO THE CLEAN ENERGY ACT AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A CONSERVATION INCENTIVE PROGRAM

DOCKET NOS. QO19010040 AND GO20090619

SERVICE LIST

Elizabethtown Gas Company

520 Green Lane Union, NJ 07083

Deborah M. Franco, Esq. VP, Clean Energy & Sustainability Energy Efficiency & Conservation dfranco@siindustries.com

Frank Vetri Manager, Energy Efficiency Programs fvetri@sjindustries.com

Thomas Kaufmann tkaufmann@sjindustries.com

Susan Potanovich spotanovich@sjindustries.com

Leonard J. Willey lwilley@sjindustries.com

One South Jersey Place Atlantic City, NJ 08401

Dominick DiRocco ddirocco@sjindustries.com

Maureen Minkel, Director mminkel@sjindustries.com

Stefany M. Graham Director, Rates and Regulatory Affairs sgraham@siindustries.com

Elizabethtown Gas Company, cont'd

Timothy W. Rundall VP, Gas Supply trundall@siindustries.com

Carolyn A. Jacobs
Regulatory Compliance Specialist
cjacobs@sjindustries.com

Isaac Gabel-Frank
Brendan Baatz
Gabel Associates, Inc.
417 Denison Street
Highland Park, NJ 08904
isaac@gabelassociates.com
brendan@gabelassociates.com

New Jersey Division of Rate Counsel

140 East Front Street, 4th Floor P.O. Box 003 Trenton, NJ 08625-0003

Stefanie A. Brand, Esq., Director sbrand@rpa.nj.gov

Brian O. Lipman, Esq., Litigation Manager blipman@rpa.nj.gov

Felicia Thomas-Friel, Esq. Managing Attorney – Gas fthomas@rpa.nj.gov

Kurt Lewandowski, Esq. Assistant Deputy Rate Counsel klewando@rpa.nj.gov

New Jersey Division of Rate Counsel, cont'd

Maura Caroselli, Esq. Assistant Deputy Rate Counsel mcaroselli@rpa.nj.gov

Sarah Steindel, Esq. Assistant Deputy Rate Counsel ssteinde@rpa.nj.gov

Shelly Massey, Paralegal smassey@rpa.nj.gov

Karen Forbes, Secretary kforbes@rpa.nj.gov

David Dismukes, Ph.D.
Consulting Economist
Acadian Consulting Group
5800 One Perkins Place Drive, Suite 5-F
Baton Rouge, LA 70808
daviddismukes@acadianconsulting.com

Ezra Hausman, Ph.D., President Ezra Hausman Consulting 77 Kaposia St. Auburndale, MA 02466 ezra@ezrahausman.com

Robert J. Henkes Henkes Consulting 7 Sunset Road Old Greenwich, CT 06870 rhenkes@optonline.net

New Jersey Division of Law

R.J. Hughes Justice Complex, 7th Floor West 25 Market Street P.O. Box 112 Trenton, NJ 08625-0112

David Apy, Assistant Attorney General david.apy@law.njoag.gov

Daren Eppley, Section Chief, DAG daren.eppley@law.njoag.gov

Pamela Owen Assistant Section Chief, DAG pamela.owen@law.njoag.gov

Matko Ilic, DAG matko.ilic@law.njoag.gov

Terel Klein, DAG terel.klein@law.njoag.gov

New Jersey Board of Public Utilities

44 South Clinton Avenue, 9th Floor P.O. Box 350 Trenton, NJ 08625-0350

Aida Camacho-Welch Secretary of the Board aida.camacho@bpu.nj.gov

Paul Flanagan, Esq., Executive Director paul.flanagan@bpu.nj.gov

Bob Brabston, Esq.
Deputy Executive Director
robert.brabston@bpu.nj.gov

Christine Sadovy, Chief of Staff christine.sadovy@bpu.nj.gov

Counsel's Office

Abe Silverman, Esq. General Counsel abe.silverman@bpu.nj.gov

New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, cont'd

Carol Artale, Esq.
Deputy General Counsel carol.artale@bpu.nj.gov

Lanhi Saldana, Esq. Legal Specialist lanhi.saldana@bpu.nj.gov

Office of the Economist

Dr. Ben Witherell, Chief Economist benjamin.witherell@bpu.nj.gov

Jackie O'Grady jackie.ogrady@bpu.nj.gov

Division of Clean Energy

Kelly Mooij, Director kelly.mooij@bpu.nj.gov

Stacy Ho Richardson, Esq. Deputy Director stacy.richardson@bpu.nj.gov

Benjamin Goldstein, Program Specialist benjamin.goldstein@bpu.nj.gov

Mahogany A. Hall, Program Specialist 2 mahogany.hall@bpu.nj.gov

Office of Policy and Planning

Chris Colacello, Analyst I chris.colacello@bpu.nj.gov

Division of Energy

Stacy Peterson, Director stacy.peterson@bpu.nj.gov

Paul Lupo, Bureau Chief paul.lupo@bpu.nj.gov

Scott Sumliner scott.sumliner@bpu.ni.gov

Energy Efficiency Alliance of New Jersey

Erin Cosgrove, Esq. 701 E. Gate Dr. Mt. Laurel, NJ 08054 ecosgrove@eeaofnj.org

New Jersey Large Energy Users Coalition

Steven S. Goldenberg, Esq. Giordano, Halleran & Ciesla, P.C. 125 Half Mile Rd, Suite 300 Red Bank, NJ 07701-6777 sgoldenberg@ghclaw.com

Paul F. Forshay, Esq. Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP 700 Sixth Street, N.W., Suite 700 Washington, D.C. 20001-3980 paulforshay@eversheds-sutherland.us

Atlantic City Electric Company

Philip J. Passanante, Esq.
Assistant General Counsel
Atlantic City Electric Company
92DC42
500 North Wakefield Drive
Newark, DE 19702
philip.passanante@pepcoholdings.com

Jersey Central Power & Light Company

Riker Danzig Scherer Hyland & Perretti Headquarters Plaza One Speedwell Avenue Morristown, NJ 07962-1981

James C. Meyer, Esq. jmeyer@riker.com

Edward K. DeHope, Esq. kdehope@riker.com

Lauren Lepkoski, Esq.
FirstEnergy Service Company
2800 Pottsville Pike
P.O. Box 16001
Reading, PA 19612-6001
llepkoski@firstenergycorp.com

Joshua R. Eckert, Esq. 300 Madison Avenue Morristown, NJ 07962 jeckert@firstenergycorp.com

New Jersey Natural Gas Company

Andrew K. Dembia, Esq. Regulatory Affairs Counsel 1415 Wyckoff Road P. O. Box 1464 Wall, New Jersey 07719 adembia@njng.com

Public Service Electric & Gas Company

PSEG Services Corporation 80 Park Plaza, T5 P.O. Box 570 Newark, New Jersey 07102

Joseph F. Accardo Jr., Esq. Vice President Regulatory & Managing Counsel joseph.accardoir@pseg.com

Matthew M. Weissman, Esq.
Deputy General Counsel State Regulatory
matthew.weissman@pseg.com

Danielle Lopez, Esq.
Associate Counsel - Regulatory
danielle.lopez@pseg.com

Michele Falcao Regulatory Filings Supervisor michele.falcao@pseg.com

Caitlyn White Regulatory Case Coordinator caitlyn.white@pseg.com

Bernard Smalls bernard.smalls@pseg.com

Rockland Electric Company

4 Irving Place Suite 1815-S New York, New York 10003

Margaret Comes, Esq. Associate Counsel comesm@coned.com

Jack Carley, Esq.
Assistant General Counsel carleyj@coned.com

EXHIBIT A

DOCKET NOS. QO19010040 AND GO20090619

Procedural Schedule

Motions to Intervene/Participate October 2, 2020

Responses to Intervention/Participation October 9, 2020

First Round Discovery Requests+ October 23, 2020

First Round Discovery Answers November 6, 2020

Discovery Conference November 17, 2020

Second Round Discovery Requests December 1, 2020

Second Round Discovery Answers December 15, 2020

Rate Counsel/Intervener Testimony January 7, 2021

Discovery on Testimony January 15, 2021

Responses to Discovery January 22, 2021

Rebuttal Testimony February 1, 2021

Discovery on Rebuttal February 8, 2021

Answers to Rebuttal Discovery February 15, 2021

Public Hearing TBD

Settlement Conference February 16, 2021

Evidentiary Hearings with Oral Surrebuttal Feb. 26, March 1 & 2, 2021

Initial Briefs March 17, 2021

Reply Briefs March 24, 2021

⁺ Petitioner agrees that discovery is ongoing and will endeavor to answer all discovery within seven business days of service.